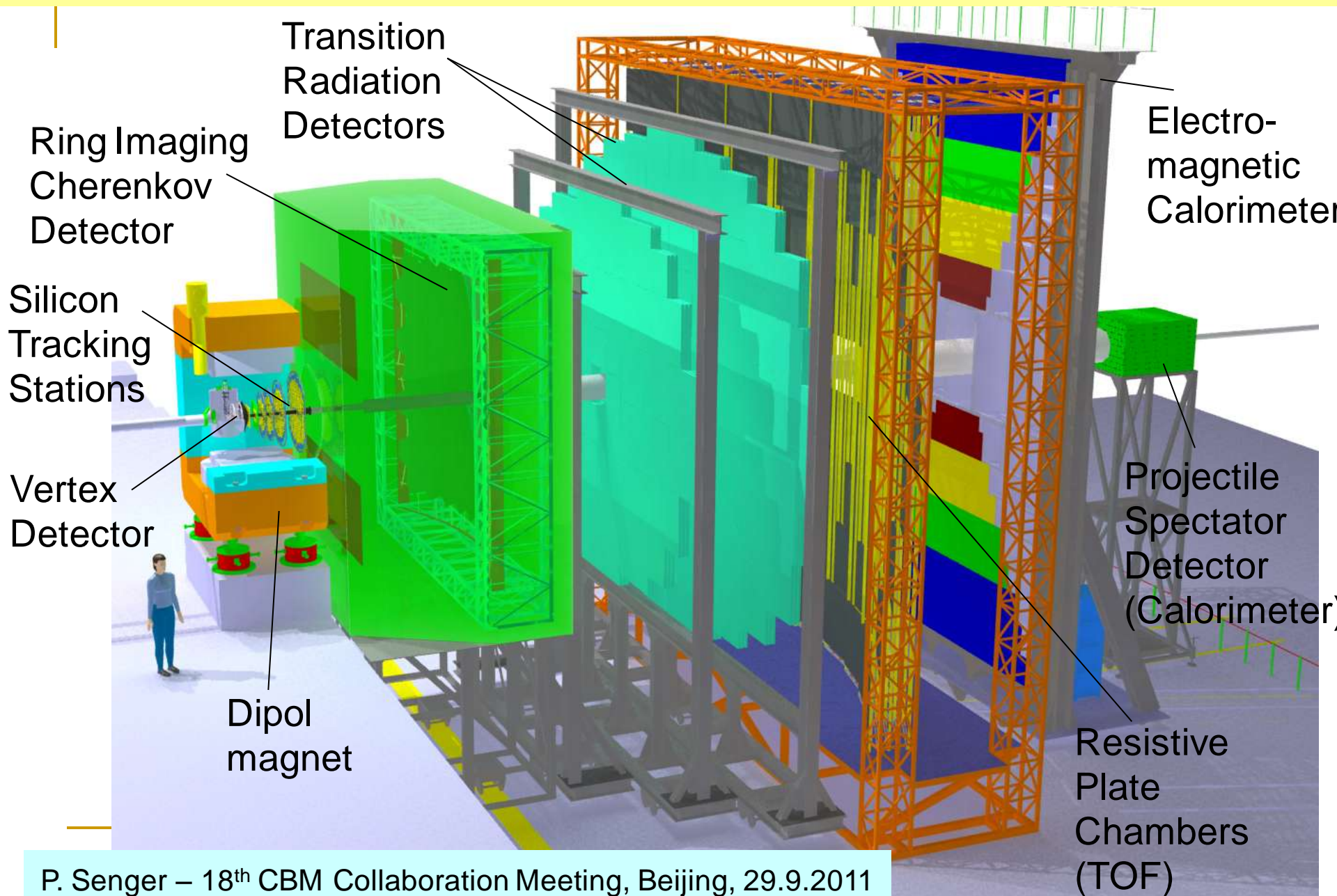

DAQ and online software development for CBM experiment

Sergey Linev,
Experiment Electronic, GSI

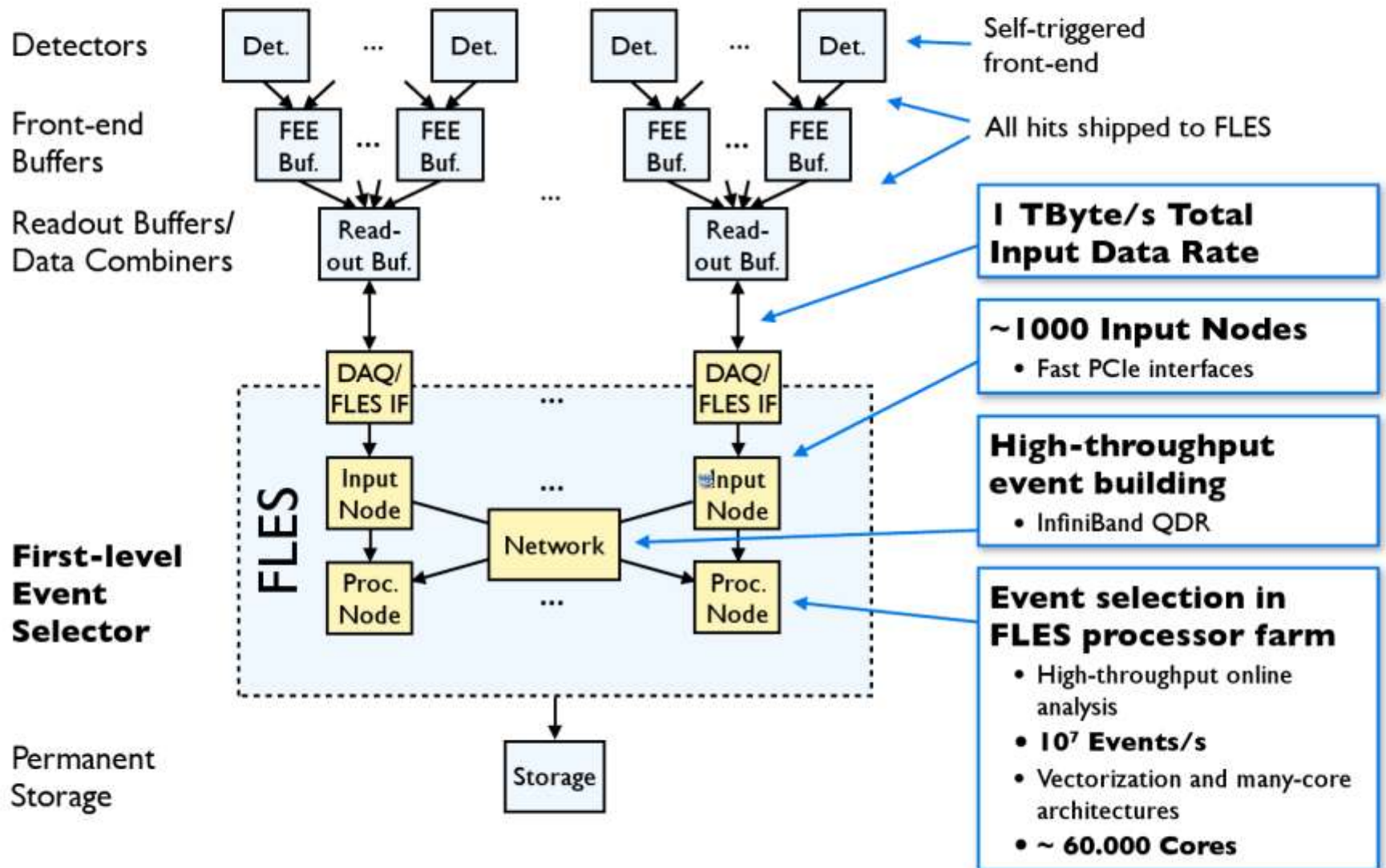
The Compressed Baryonic Matter Experiment



Experimental challenges

- $10^5 - 10^7$ Au+Au reactions/sec
- determination of (displaced) vertices with high resolution ($\approx 50 \mu\text{m}$)
- identification of leptons and hadrons
- fast and radiation hard detectors
- self-triggered readout electronics
- high performance computer farm for online event selection
- 4 D track reconstruction

CBM Online Computing and Readout



Main challenges for CBM DAQ

- Triggerless readout
 - precise timing system
 - custom-designed readout chips
- High data rates
 - high-speed interconnect to the front-ends
 - FPGA-based signals processing
- Event building with 1 TB/s
 - high-performance (but low cost) network

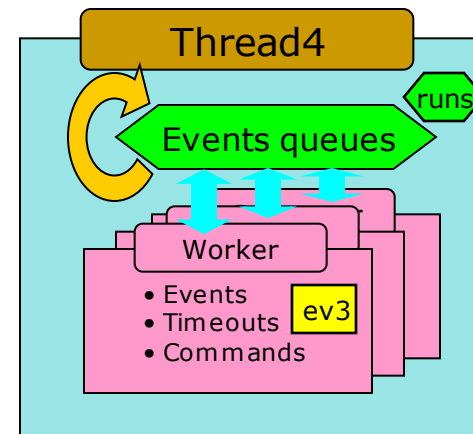
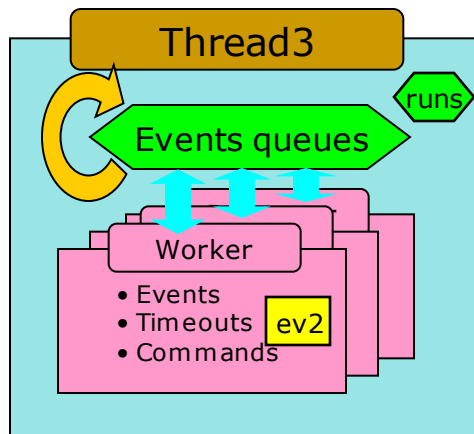
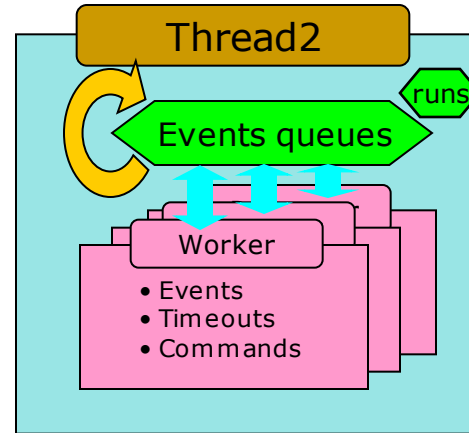
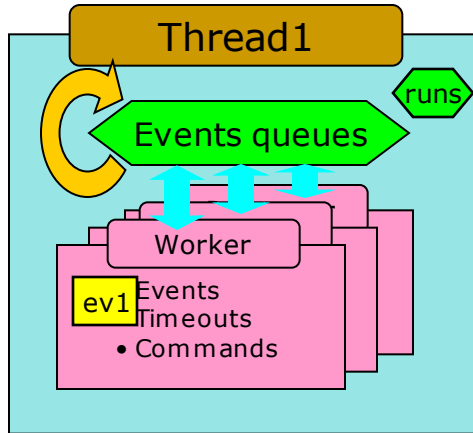
What kind of DAQ software is required?

- ❑ Connect (near) any frontend
- ❑ Handle (together) triggered and self-triggered data
- ❑ Merge / split / distribute data-streams over many compute nodes
- ❑ Provide interfaces for application code
- ❑ Probe key techniques of future CBM DAQ system

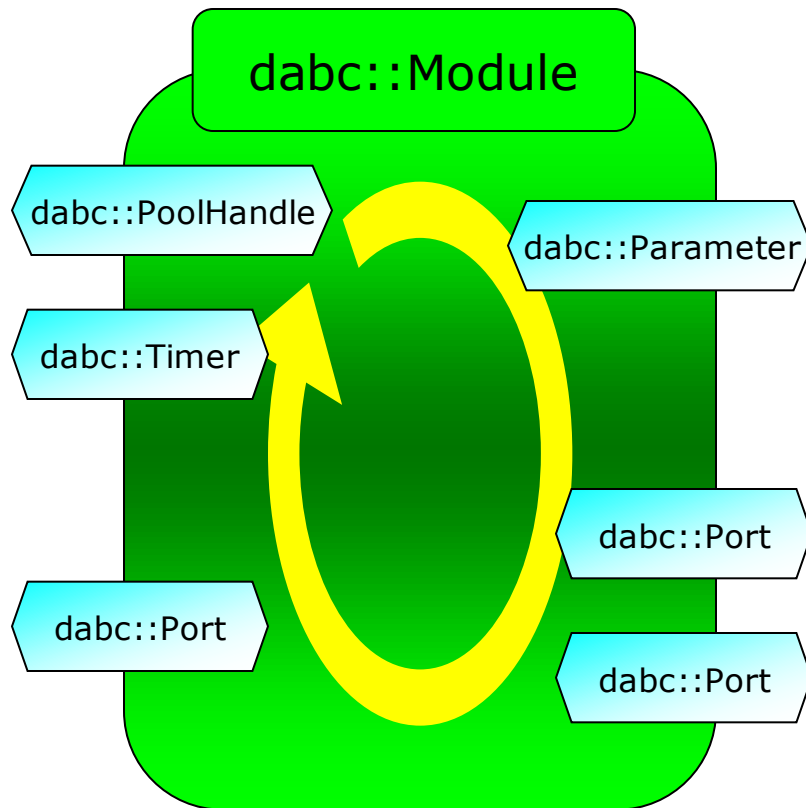
DABC: Main features

- Compact multi-threaded data-flow core
- Number of device/application specific add-ons
- TCP/IP (sockets) and InfiniBand (OFED verbs) as data transports
- Plugins for user-specific components
- BNET – components for constructing event-building network
- Flexible configurations with xml files
- DIM and EPICS as interface for control system
- generic Java GUI

Multithreading in DABC



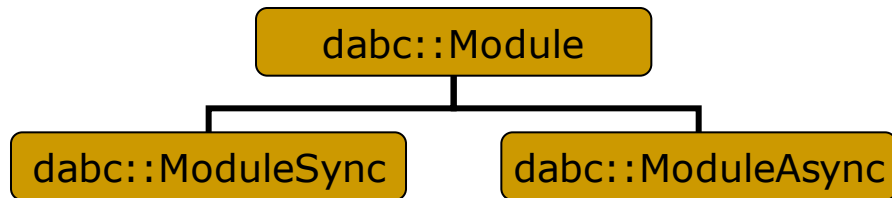
dabc::Module – place for user code



dabc::Module class provides:

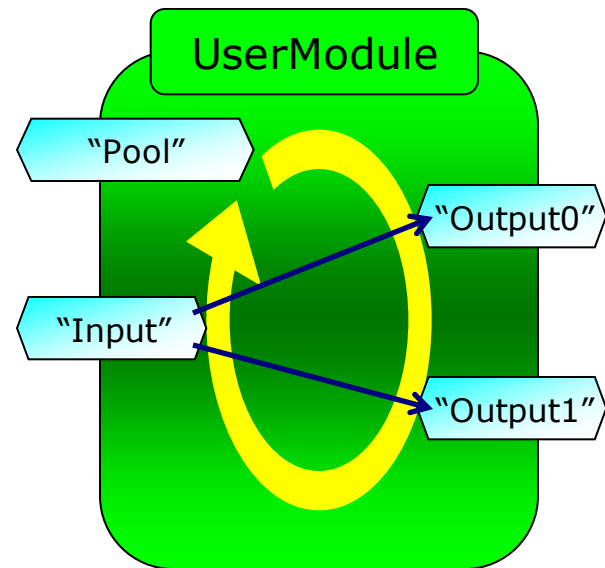
- I/O ports for communications
- Pools handles to request memory
- Timers for timeouts processing
- Configuration & monitoring parameters

Synchronous and asynchronous modules



Constructors mainly the same

```
CreatePoolHandle("Pool", 2048, 1);
CreateInput("Input", Pool(), 5);
CreateOutput("Output0", Pool(), 5);
CreateOutput("Output1", Pool(), 5);
fCnt = 0;
```



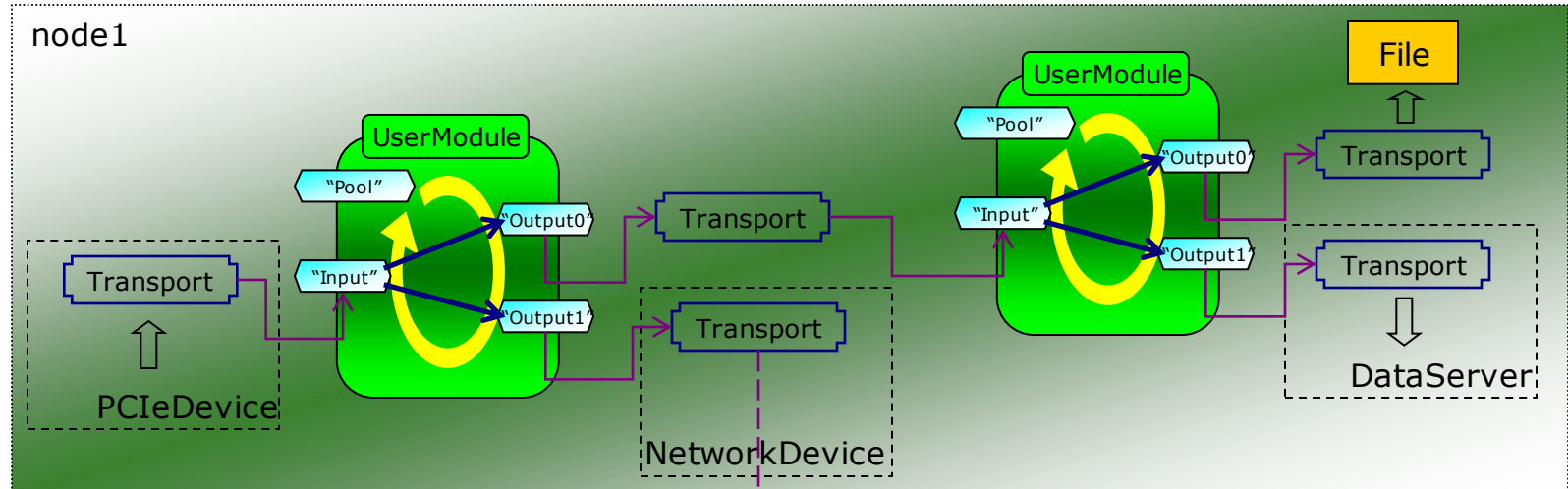
Explicit loop in ModuleSync

```
void UserModule::MainLoop()
{
    while (ModuleWorking()) {
        dabc::Buffer buf = Recv(Input());
        if (fCnt++ % 2 == 0) Send(Output(0), buf);
        else Send(Output(1), buf);
    }
}
```

Event processing in ModuleAsync

```
void UserModule::ProcessIOEvent(dabc::Port*)
{
    while (Input()->CanRecv() &&
           Output(fCnt % 2)->CanSend()) {
        dabc::Buffer buf = Input()->Recv();
        Output(fCnt++ % 2)->Send(buf);
    }
}
```

Devices and transports - dataflow

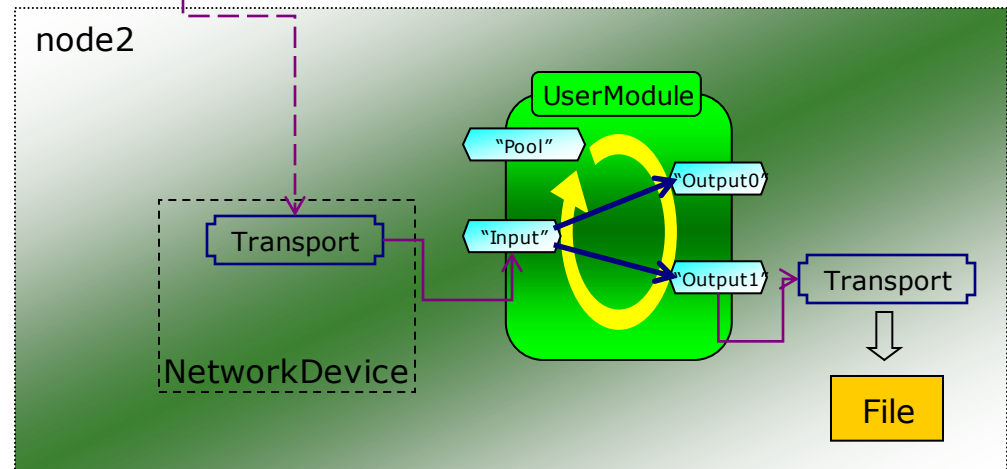


Transport:

- manages buffers queue
- runs in own thread
- decouples user code from actual transport functionality

Device:

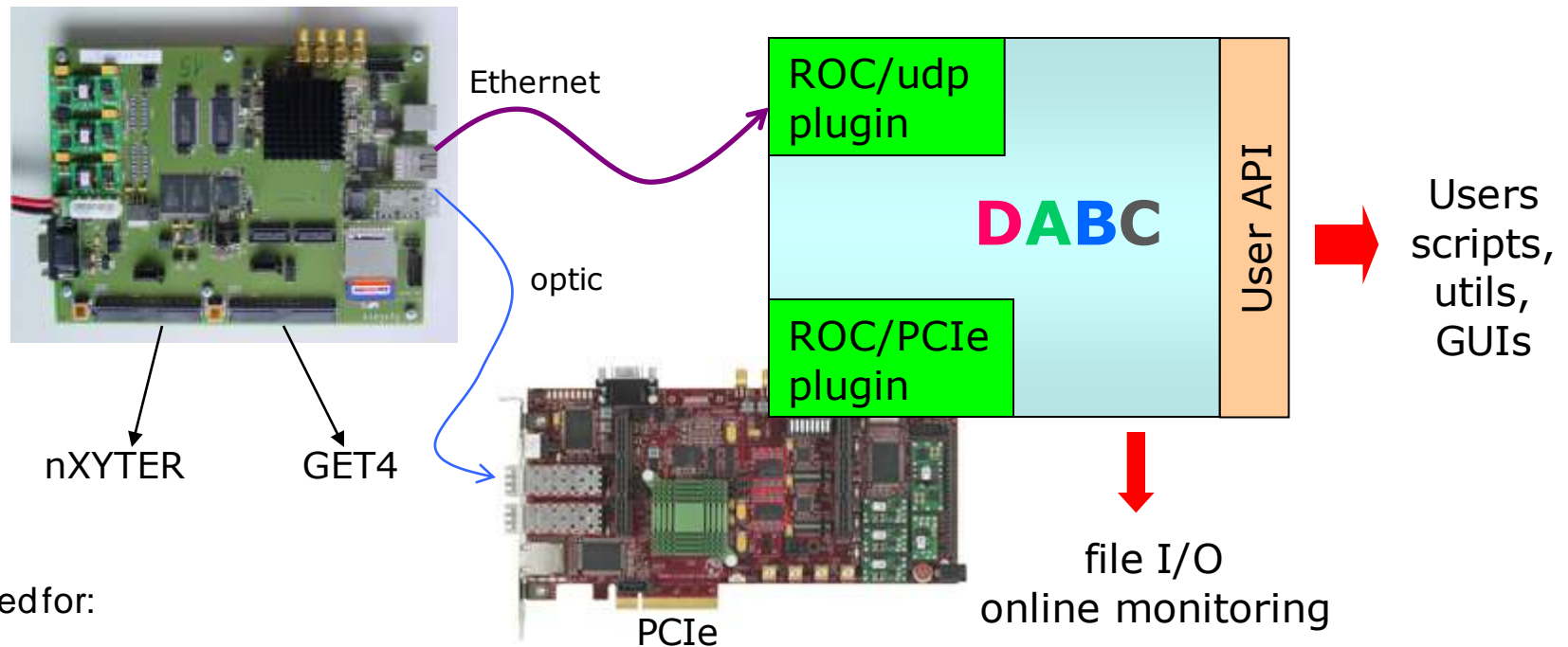
- represents hardware items
- manages several transports



DABC – status and plans

- C++ software framework, developed since 2008
- Works on 32/64 bit Linux computers
- Current stable release is 1.1, available on <http://dabc.gsi.de>
- Since mid-2011 version 1.9 (DABC2 beta) is available, accessible via repository: <https://subversion.gsi.de/goofy/dabc/branches/ver2>

DABC as access layer to CBM ROC



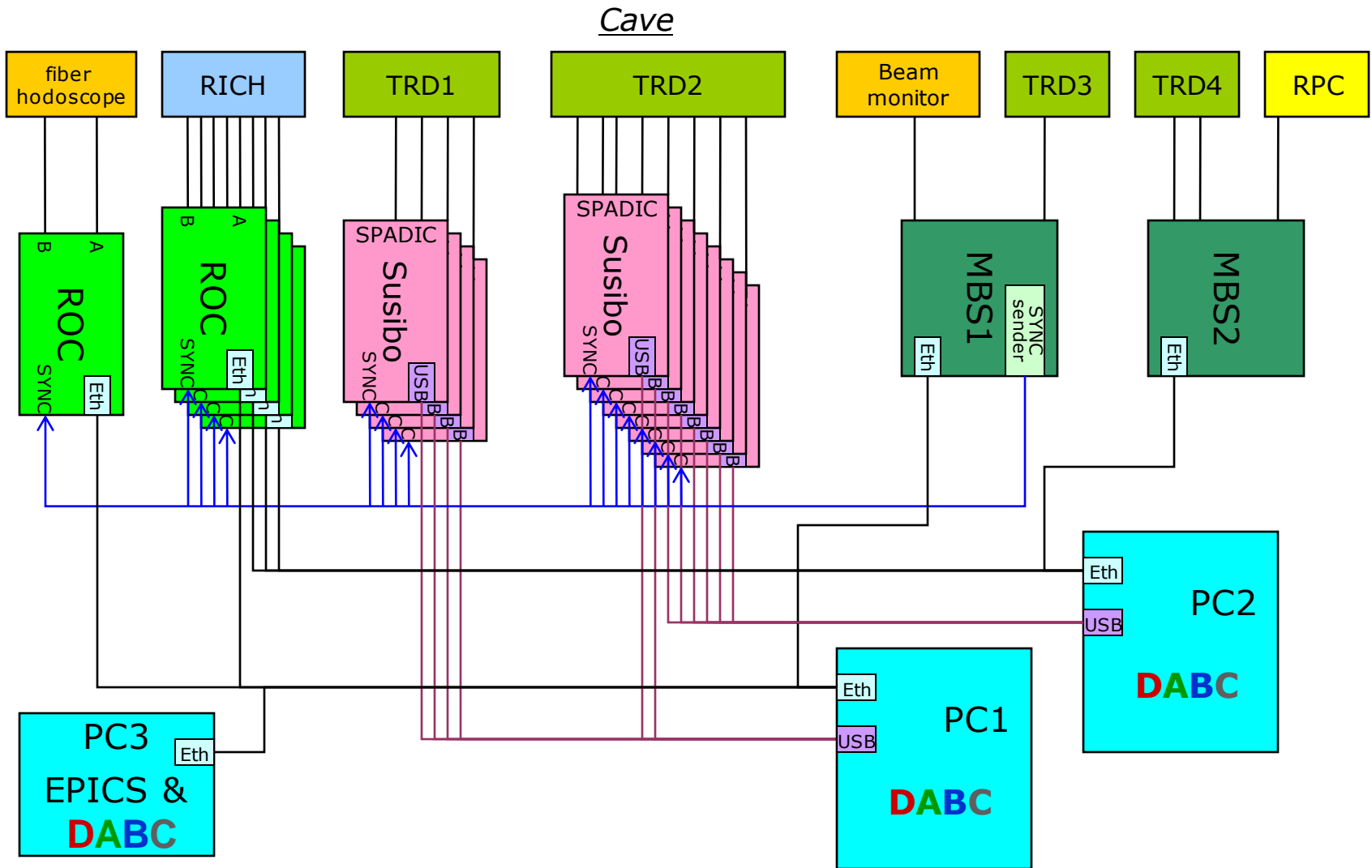
Testbed for:

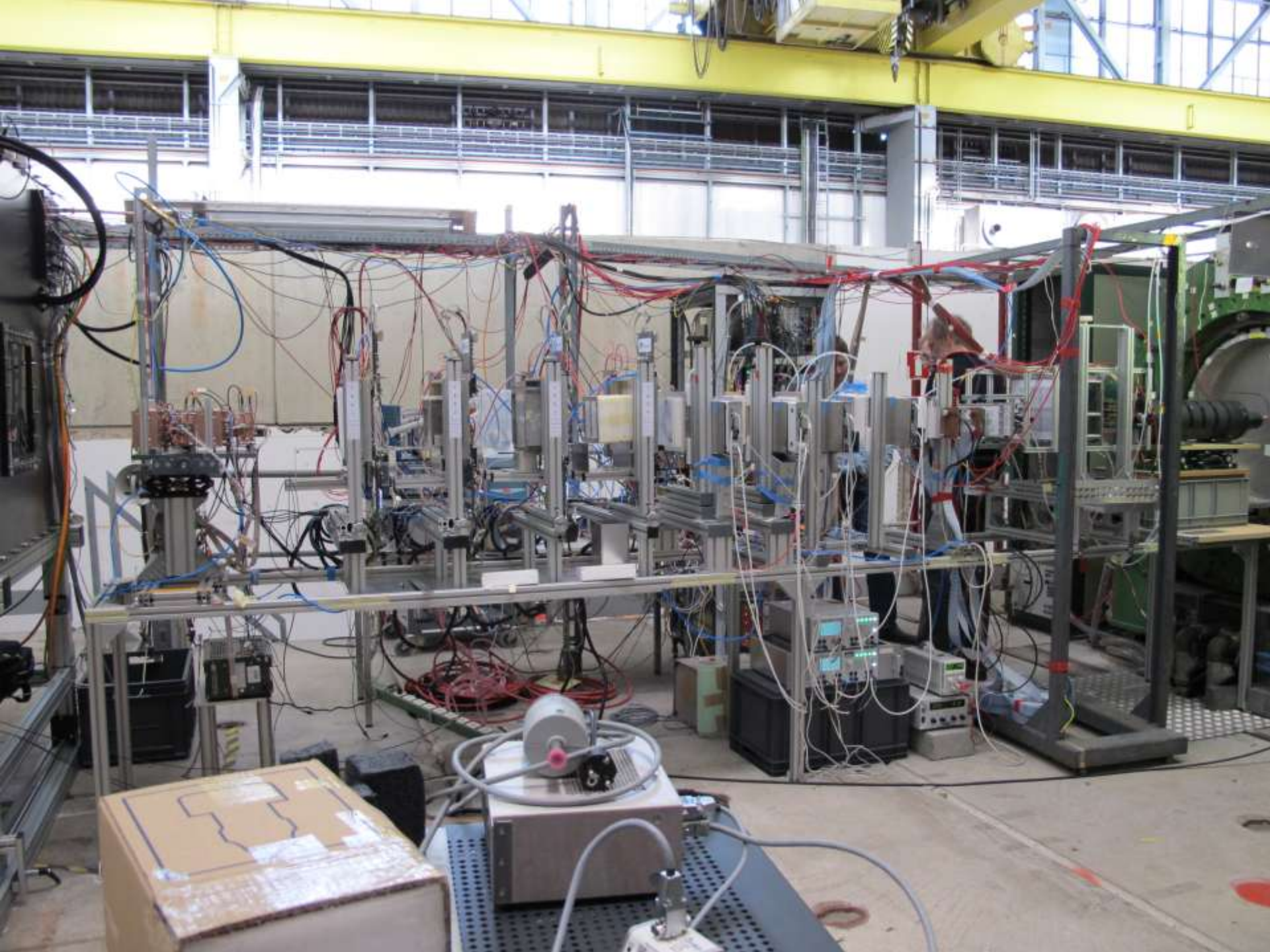
- triggerless readout
- message-oriented data format
- clock/time synchronization

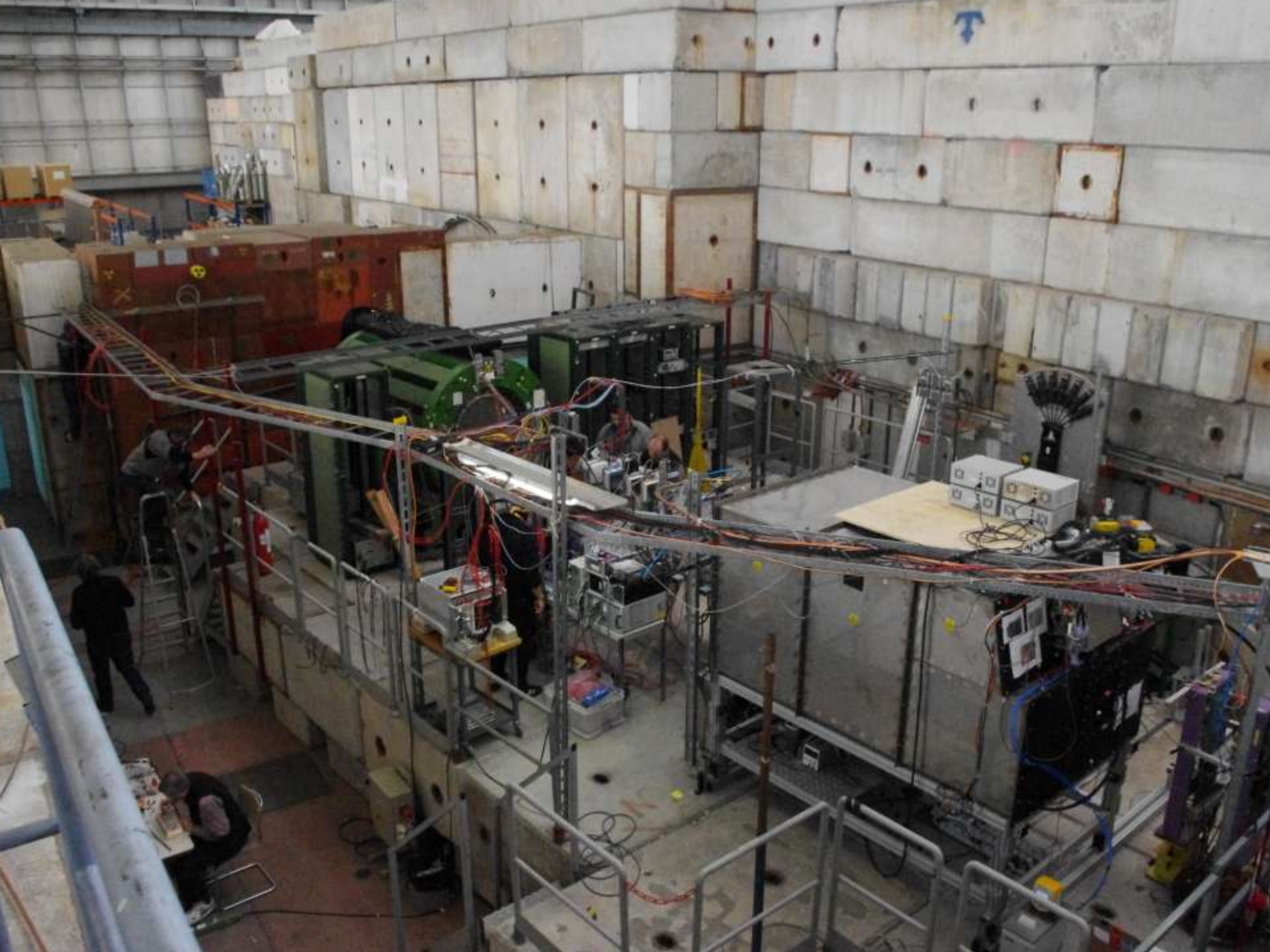
DABC plugins for for ROC readout

- UDP-based
 - uses *dabc::SocketWorker* class
 - implementation based on *select()* method
 - many connections can be treated in single thread
- Optic-based
 - *mprace* library from Uni Mannheim
 - based on simple *dabc::DataTransport* class

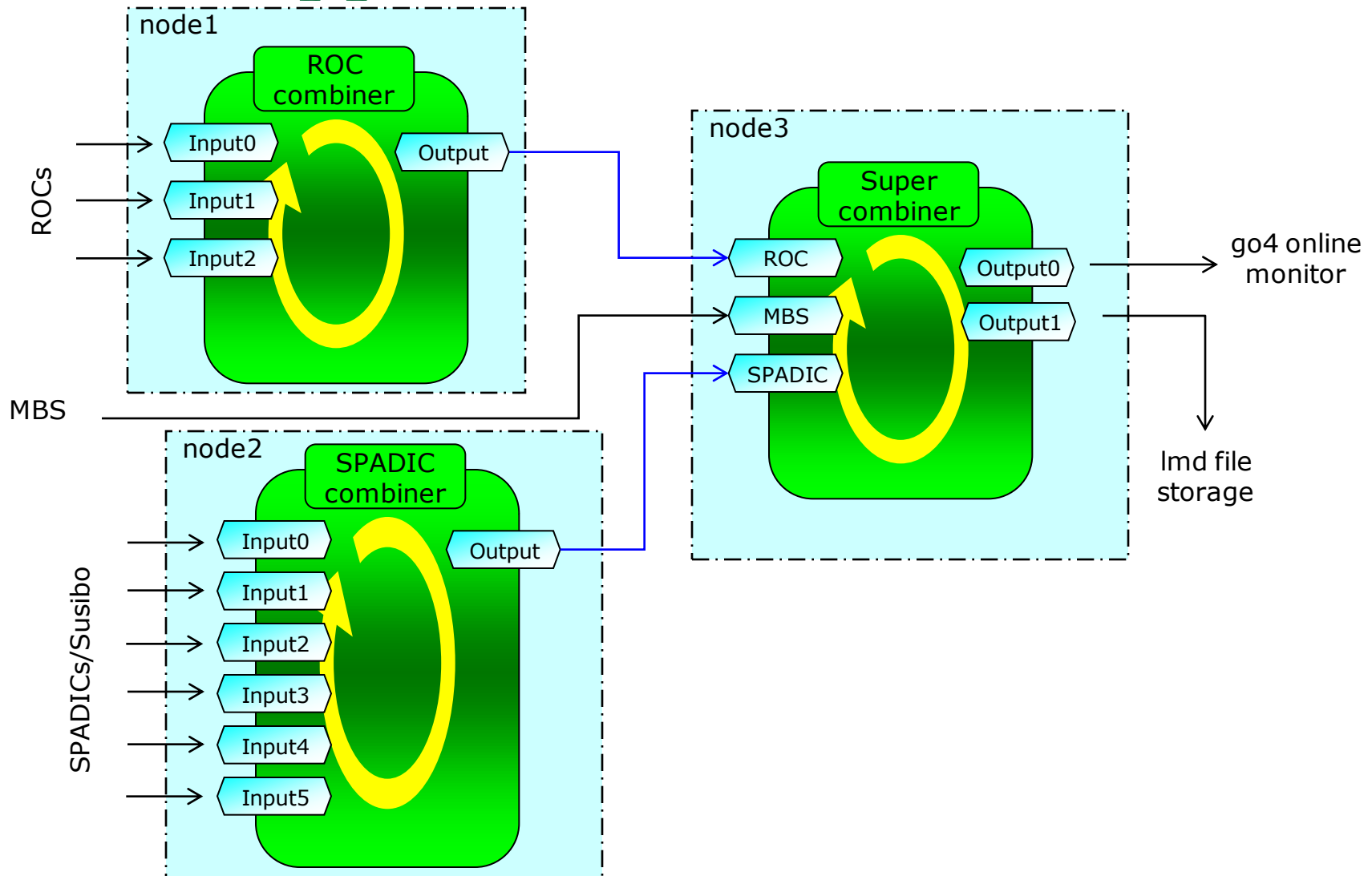
Planned setup for CERN (Oct 11)



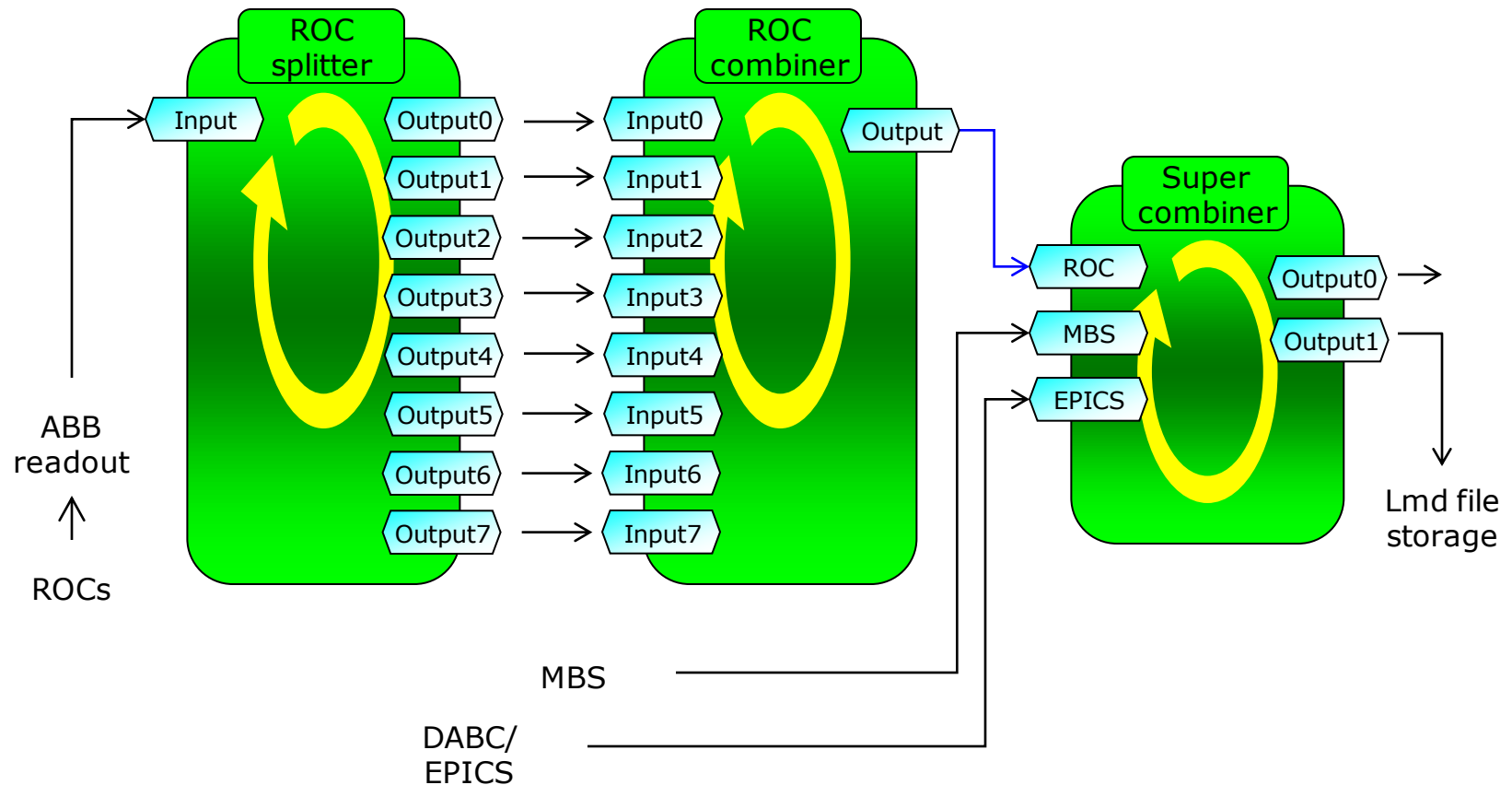




Readout application



Data splitter for optic data



Go4 – GSI analysis framework

- **Framework** for many kinds of experiments (Atomic & Nuclear Physics)
- Based on C++, ROOT (CERN) and Qt (Nokia)
- Provides **services and interfaces** for user written analysis
- **Batch mode** (CINT or compiled, online/offline)
- **Interactive mode** (online/offline):
 - A non blocking **GUI controls and steers the analysis**
 - GUI interfaces **ROOT and Qt graphics**
 - Analysis can **update graphics asynchronously: live monitoring**
 - User can create and **add specific GUIs** (Qt designer)

Go4 v4.4.0 @xhg0123 <Controller:MyAnalysis> - [Panel1: Copy of picture]

File Tools Analysis Settings Windows Help

scatter No Errors Cartesian X: Lin Y: Lin Z: Lin 10 %

Browser

- Workspace
 - histo1
 - Panel1
 - 93TC0244_ASF.root
 - Histograms
 - Calib
 - Pos0
 - Histo0_C_P0
 - Histo1_C_P0
 - Histo2_C_P0
 - Histo3_C_P0
 - Histo4_C_P0
 - Histo5_C_P0
 - Histo6_C_P0
 - Histo7_C_P0
 - Pos1
 - Histo0_C_P1
 - Histo1_C_P1
 - Histo2_C_P1
 - Histo3_C_P1
 - Histo4_C_P1
 - Histo5_C_P1
 - Histo6_C_P1
 - Histo7_C_P1
 - Pos2
 - Histo0_C_P2
 - Histo1_C_P2
 - Histo2_C_P2
 - Histo3_C_P2
 - Histo4_C_P2

File Edit Select Options

Style Binning

Name Histo0_C_P1::TH1D

Line 1

Fill

Title Calibrated Channel 1 Pos 2

Histogram

Plot 2-D 3-D

Error: No Errors

Style: No Line

Simple Drawing

Show markers

Draw bar chart

Bar option

Marker

1.0

Marker Modes

X: loop new

MBS monitor

MBS r2-d2 Ev/s Ev kB/s MB

NO SERVER % - file closed - MB file Status Setup SetupML SetupMO 5 s 200 bins trend

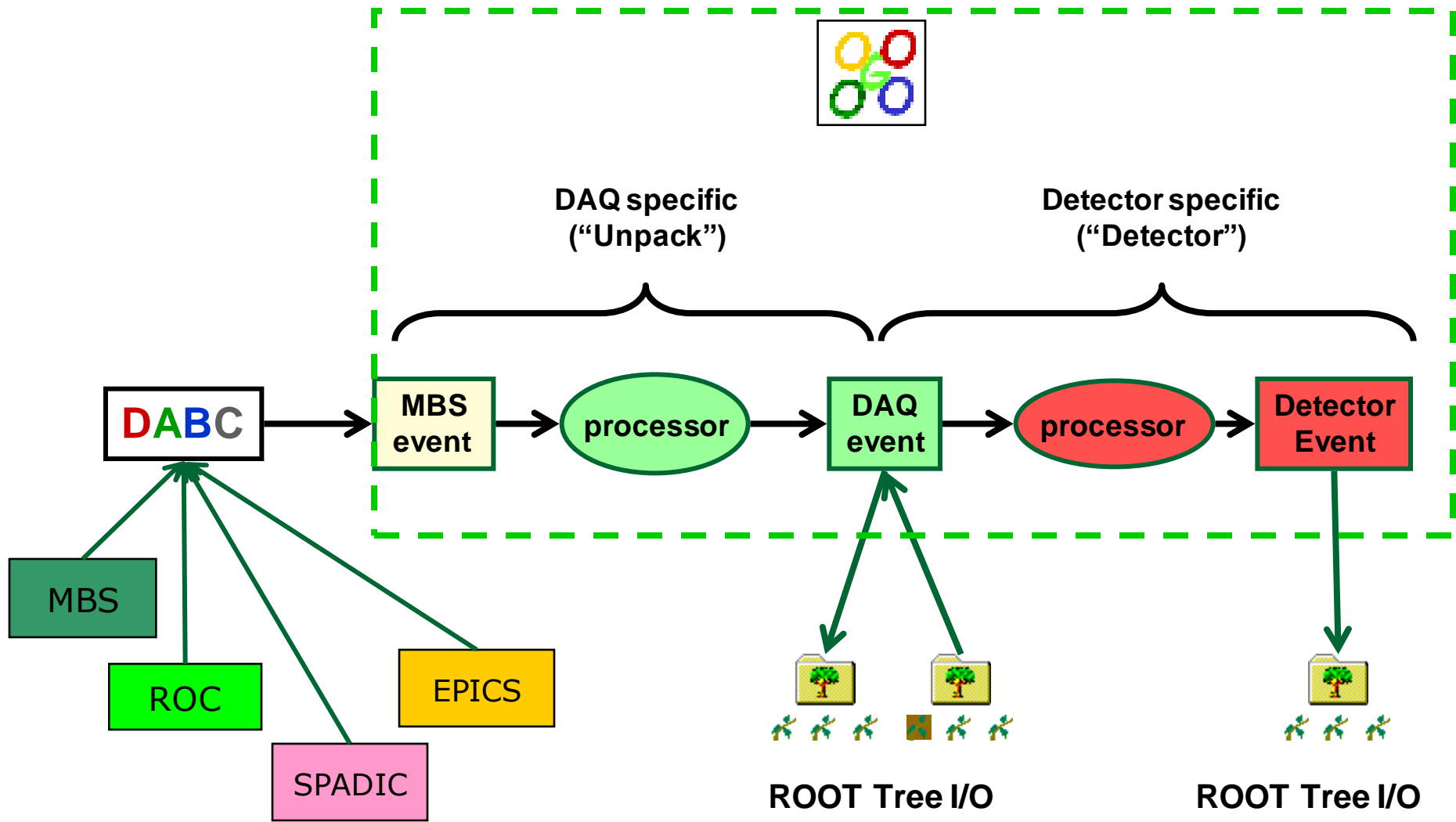
Log window MBS monitor

X: Y: Z:

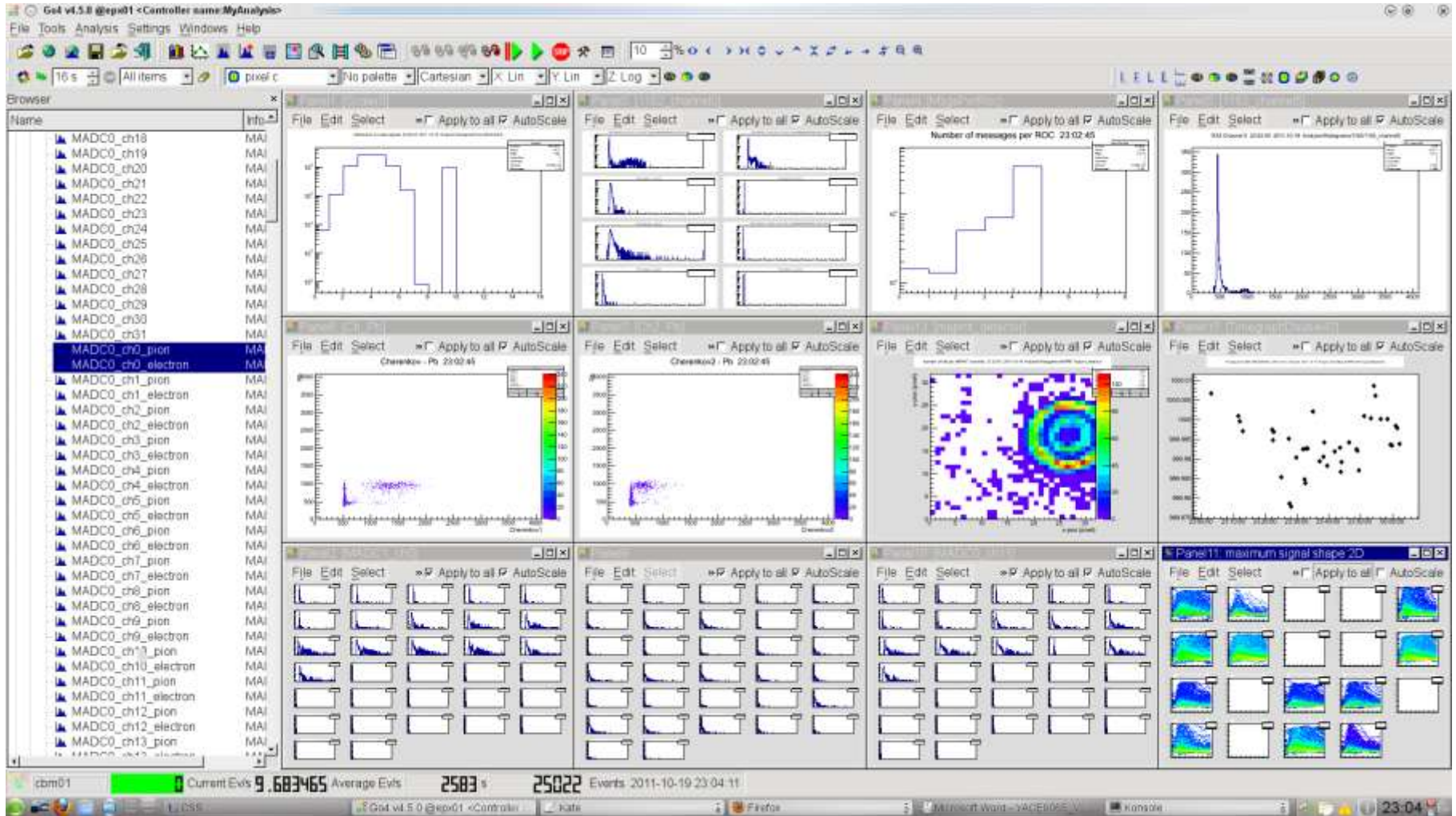
GUI command: rebin("", 2, kTRUE); Divide Pad : 2 x 2 SetPalette 1 Pad:

2 s All items gauss 76.103 Current Ev/s 89905 Average Ev/s 1360 s 122353000 Events 2010-01-19 18:10:16

Analysis organization for CBM beamtimes



Online monitoring during beamtime



EPICS – DABC – Go4 integration

- EPICS as slow control for DABC
 - using DIM/EPICS interface DABC nodes can be controlled via EPICS-based GUIs
- DABC as readout of EPICS variables
 - as alternative storage of slow-control data
- Both DAQ and slow-control data available in Go4 analysis

EPICS control GUI during beamtime

The screenshot displays the EPICS control GUI for the CBM experiment during beamtime. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Terminal (StartDABC.sh):** Shows a list of SuperComb and RocComb build events with their respective IDs and input counts. For example: "Slave: 2254 308424 SuperComb: Build event 4271006 with 3 inputs".
- Main Control Panel:**
 - Beamline Selection:** Buttons for "DejCPI", "Lauda0", "Lauda1", "HAMEG", "RICH Gas", "WAGO", and "RICH Mirror".
 - Beam Status:** A green "Start Run" button and a red "Stop Run" button.
 - Beam Parameters:** A text field showing "/data/cern/Be_run3010011.lmd" and a "Be_" label.
 - Control Buttons:** "Test Run", "Cosmic", and "Beam Run" buttons.
 - Beam ID:** A text field showing "3010011" and a "0" button.
 - Total Dose Rate Plot:** A graph showing "Total Dose Rate (Mhw)" vs "Updates" with a fluctuating blue line.
 - MASTER cbm01:** Two gauges for "Evs1" and "Mbrs0", and status indicators for "Supercomb", "Susbs", and "Rocs".
 - SLAVE cbm02:** Two gauges for "Evs1" and "Mbrs0", and status indicators for "Supercomb", "Susbs", and "Rocs".
- Terminal (disk: bash):** Shows a shell prompt and various commands like "cd /epc01/beam/disk" and "ls".

Conclusion

- DABC is developed as general-purpose DAQ software framework, running on any Linux PC
- Since 2008 used by CBM collaboration as DAQ system in many test beams and electronic/detectors tests
- Easily can be integrated with other DAQ systems like MBS
- Provides connection to online analysis and control systems